consent in writing to the operation as ordered by the board, such operation shall take place at such time as the said prosecutor petitioning shall designate. (1933, c. 224, s. 12)

35-48. Right of appeal to Superior Court. If it appears to the inmate, patient, or individual resident, or to his or her representative, guardian, parent or next of kin, or to the solicitor, that the proceedings taken are not in accordance with law, or that the reasons given for asexualization or sterilization are not adequate or well founded, or for any other reason the order is not legal, or is not legal as applied to this inmate, patient or individual resident, he or she may within fifteen days from the date of such order have an appeal of right to the Superior Court of the county in which said inmate or patient resided prior to admission to the institution, or the county in which the non-institutional individual resides. This appeal may be taken by giving notice in writing to any member of the board and to the other parties to the proceeding, including the doctor who is designated to perform the said operation. Upon the giving of this notice the petitioner within fifteen days thereafter shall cause a copy of the petition, notice, evidence and orders of the said board certified by any member thereof to be sent to the clerk of the said court, who shall file the same and docket the appeal to be heard and determined by the said court as soon thereafter as may be practicable.

The presiding judge of said Superior court may hear the appeal upon affidavit or oral evidence and in determining such an appeal may consider the record of the proceedings before the Eugenics Board, including the evidence therein appearing together with such other legal evidence as may be offered to the said judge by any party to the appeal. In hearing such an appeal the general public may be excluded and only such persons admitted thereto as have direct interest in the case.

Upon such appeal the said Superior court may affirm, revise or reverse the orders of the said board appealed from and may enter such order as it deems just and right and which it shall certify to the said board.

The pendency of such appeal shall automatically and without more, stay proceedings under the order of the said board until the appeal be completely determined. Should the decision of the Superior court uphold the plaintiff's objection, such decision, unless appealed from, will annul the order of the board to proceed with the operation and the matter may not be brought up again until one year has elapsed except by the consent of the plaintiff or his next of kin, or his legal representative. Should the court affirm the order of the board, then, if no notice of appeal to the Supreme Court is filed within ten days after such decision, said board's recommendation as affirmed shall be put into effect at a time by the original prosecutor or his successor in office and the inmate, patient or individual shall be asexualized or sterilized as provided in this article.

In this appeal the person for whom an order of asexualization or sterilization has been issued shall be designated as the plaintiff,